

x

ECONOMISTS LTD.

Education Development Charges Public Meeting

Brant Haldimand Norfolk Catholic District School Board

September 18, 2023



Public Meeting #1 EDC Policy Review

What Is An Education Development Charge?



- An Education Development Charge is a development charge that is imposed under a bylaw respecting growth-related net education land costs incurred or proposed to be incurred by a School Board.
- This means it is a charge that is levied on new development that is paid by the developer/permit taker when the building permit is issued by the municipality.
- The revenue collected from the charge is then used by a school board to purchase land/school sites for new schools to be built upon.



Each EDC by-law has a set of underlying policies which help determine the structure and type of by-law that will be enacted.

Provincial legislation dictates that each School Board with an existing EDC by-law must conduct a review of its EDC policies prior to renewing their EDC by-law.

Section 257.60 sub-section (1) of the Education Act states that:

"Before passing an education development charge by-law, the board shall conduct a review of the education development charge policies of the board."

EDC Policies



- Policy decisions made by the Board can play a key role in determining things like:
 - areas to which the bylaw applies,
 - the ability to have different charges for different types of housing developments, or
 - how much of the eventual charge is to be borne by residential or nonresidential development.



Percentage of growth-related net education land costs to be borne through EDCs

Exemptions

School boards typically try to collect 100% of education land costs however exemptions in the EDC bylaws may result in less than 100% of land costs being collected. There are two types of exemptions, statutory and non-statutory. A statutory exemption is determined through the legislation and a non-statutory exemption is a 'voluntary' exemption.



Jurisdiction Wide vs. Area Municipal (or Sub Area) Charges

The existing EDC bylaw applies only to the City of Brantford and Brant County portions of the school board but it is applied in a uniform way (same rate) across the jurisdiction of the bylaw. This means that the charge is the same for all development in the City of Brantford and Brant County.

Percentage of net education land costs to be borne by residential and non-residential development

School boards can allocate up to 40% of their EDC to non-residential development. The average around the Province is approximately 10% but ranges from 0% to the mid-20's. The BHNCDSB has an EDC that is 100% residential.



Uniform charges for all types of development vs. differentiated

charges

School boards can have one rate that applies to all types of residential development in the same way (i.e. a low-density single family type home pays the same rate as a townhouse or a condo) or the school board can have a different rates depending on the type of residential development. All the EDC bylaws in Ontario are applied uniformly, like the BHNCDSB.



Public Meeting #2 The Proposed New EDC By-laws



Existing EDC:

- 2018 EDC = \$912 per unit
 - Rate frozen from 2013 (new 2018 rate should have been \$1,097 per unit)
- 2021 Amendment (Incorporated New Phase-in + New Land Values)

New Amended Rates 2021-2023:

- November 28, 2021 to October 20, 2022 = **\$1,212 per unit**
- October 21, 2022 to October 20, 2023 = **\$1,408 per unit (current)**

2

A Review Of The Key Elements

Enable Recovery Of Growth-Related <u>Land</u> Costs Only School Boards Must Meet An Eligibility Trigger To Qualify

Jurisdiction Wide Or Area Specific

Or Uniform Residential/ Non-Residential

Differentiated



What Does A School Board Have To Do?



Prepare an EDC Background Study EDC Study Must Be Available To Public At Least 2 Weeks Before 1st Mtg. Two Public Meetings Must Be Held Prior To Passing A New EDC EDC Background Study Must Be Approved By Minister of Education

Notice Of Public Meetings Must Be Provided At Least 20 Days Prior To Said Meetings

The Calculation

- 1. Demographics and enrolment projections determine need.
- 2. Legislation and Board planning determines the number of school sites required.
- 3. Land appraisals determine site acquisition costs.
- 4. Historical expenditures determine site preparation costs.
- 5. The reserve fund analysis determines existing EDC surplus or deficit.
- 6. The total costs determined are referred to as the total growth-related net education land costs this is the amount for which EDC's are collected.
- 7. Board policies determine how the charge is implemented and collected (exemptions, non-residential allocation etc.)

Projected Enrolment

A.1.1: CAPACITY TRIGGER CALCULATION - ELEMENTARY PANEL

		Elementary							
Elementary		Average							
Panel	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Projected	Projected		
Board-Wide	2023/	2024/	2025/	2026/	2027/	Enrolment	Enrolment		
EDC Capacity	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Over Five	less		
						Years	Capacity		
7,756.0	7,990	8,271	8,556	8,797	9,074	8,537	781		

A.1.2: CAPACITY TRIGGER CALCULATION - SECONDARY PANEL

Secondary						Average	Secondary
Panel	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Projected	Projected
Board-Wide	2023/	2024/	2025/	2026/	2027/	Enrolment	Enrolment
EDC Capacity	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Over Five	less
						Years	Capacity
3,402.0	4,272	4,298	4,354	4,512	4,661	4,419	1,017

Estimated EDC Reserve Fund Balance: \$5,837,150



The Residential Growth Forecast: 15 Years



City of Brantford and Brant County Residential Forecast, 2023-2037

Unit Type	# of Units	% By Density
Low Density (Singles/Semis)	9,172	53%
Medium Density (Townhouses)	4,604	27%
High Density (Apartments)	3,353	20%
Total	17,129	100%

Source: 2023 Brant County MCR – Brant County (excludes the City of Brantford) and 2021 City of Brantford DC.

Projected units are adjusted for statutory exemptions.
Net new units are 16,906

Net Growth-Related New Pupil Places



				Elementary Growth-						Secondary Growth-
	Dwelling	Net New	Elementary	Related			Dwelling	Net New	Secondary	Related
Municipality	Unit Type	Units	Pupil Yield	Pupils		Municipality	Unit Type	Units	Pupil Yield	Pupils
	Low Density	7,462	0.200	1,495			Low Density	9,172	0.083	761
Brantford	Medium Density	3,888	0.101	395	BRANTFORD/BRANT	Medium Density	4,381	0.051	225	
Diantioru	High Density	2,706	0.031	83		High Density	3,353	0.015	50	
	Total	14,056	0.140	1,972			Total	16,906	0.061	1,035
	Low Density	1,710	0.152	260						
Brant County	Medium Density	493	0.090	44						
braint County	High Density	648	0.028	18						
	Total	2,850	0.113	322						
	SUBTOTAL:			2,295				SUBTOTAL:		1,035
			pil Places:	198				LESS: Available P	upil Places:	-
NET GROWT		NET GROWTH REL	ATED PUPILS:	2,097				NET GROWTH RE	LATED PUPILS:	1,110



Elementary schools					
Number of Pupils	Maximum Area (acres)				
1 to 400	4				
401 to 500	5				
501 to 600	6				
601 to 700	7				
701 or more	8				

Secondary schools					
Number of Pupils	Maximum Area (acres)				
1 to 1000	12				
1001 to 1100	13				
1101 to 1200	14				
1201 to 1300	15				
1301 to 1400	16				
1401 to 1500	17				
1501 or more	18				

Appraised Land Values



The school boards retained Cushman & Wakefield Ltd. to provide appraised land values per acre for different areas in the bylaw area (i.e. City of Brantford/Brant County). The appraisals are based on 2023 land values are based on recent land sales and other economic factors. Values ranged between \$1.22M-\$1.29M per acre.

In 2018 land values ranged between \$0.55M-\$0.6M per acre and in 2021 values averaged approximately \$0.75M per acre.

Site Location/	Cost Per
Facility Type	Acre
New Elementary School North Brantford	\$ 1,223,000
New Elementary School SW Brantford	\$ 1,294,000
New Elementary School SW Brantford	\$ 1,263,000
New Elementary School Paris	\$ 1,219,000

EXAMPLE OF ELEMENTARY EDC SITES AND PER ACRE COSTS BY AREA

Proposed Education Development Charge: 2023 Bylaw



Calculation of Uniform Residential Charge

Residential Growth-Related Net Education Land Costs	\$ 40	6,485,674
Net New Dwelling Units		16,906
Uniform Residential EDC per Dwelling Unit	\$	2,750

EDC Legislative Changes – A Summary

On October 12, 2018, the Provincial government made a change to the legislation that pertains to education development charges;

- Ontario Regulation 438/18 amended Ontario Regulation 20/98 and namely;
 - * Maintained EDC rates at the levels in existing EDC by-laws as of August 31, 2018
 - Limited the ability of school boards to change the areas in their by-law that are subject to EDCs

On March 29, 2019 the Ontario Government further amended the EDC legislation.

- Ontario Regulation 55/19 amended Ontario Regulation 20/98.
- O. Reg 55/19, lifted the EDC rate freeze by implementing a provisional phase-in of proposed EDC rates.

Phased In EDC Rates



- In year 1, the existing EDC rate could be increased by \$300 or 5% of the existing residential EDC rate, whichever is greater. The non-residential rate can similarly be increased by \$0.10 or 5% of the existing non-residential EDC rate;
- In the second year of the by-law and in each subsequent year, the rate could be increased by another \$300 or 5% of the previous year's residential EDC rate, whichever is greater. Again, the non-residential rate can also be increased by another \$0.10 or 5% of the previous year's non-residential EDC rate.
- Both the residential and non-residential rates are subject to <u>maximum rates</u>, which are the proposed EDC rates in the EDC Background Study.

Proposed Phase-In Of EDC Rates



	Current						
Type of	2023 EDC						MAXIMUM
Development	Rate	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	RATE
Residential	\$ 1,408	\$ 1,708	\$ 2,008	\$ 2,308	\$ 2,608	\$ 2,750	\$ 2,750

The Public Process

- <u>2 Public Meetings (Notice Given)</u>
- EDC Background Study Released To The Public & Submitted To Ministry Of Education For Review/Approval
- The Board corresponded with stakeholders and had a stakeholder meeting.
- The Boards encourage additional and continued feedback from area stakeholders.



Next Steps & Important Dates



- Ongoing discussions with the Ministry of Education regarding approvals.
- > Continued dialogue with stakeholders as required.
- Staff recommendations and reports.
- EDC Bylaw Passage Consideration Public Meeting: October 10, 2023 @ 3PM (Board offices)

QUESTIONS?